

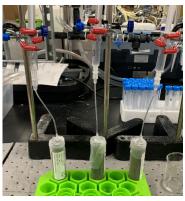
ESTCP Project ER20-5088

PFAS Leaching at AFFF-Impacted Sites: Insight into Soil-to-Groundwater Ratios

Objective: To demonstrate improved insight into per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) leaching through unsaturated zone to serve as a basis for developing soil cleanup criteria. Α field-based dataset relating characteristics and porewater leaching underlying to groundwater can validate conceptual site models and develop soil management guidelines.

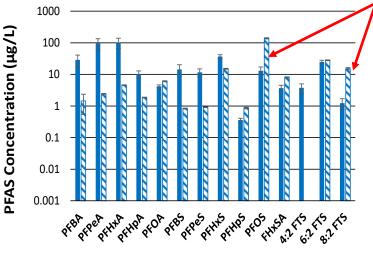
<u>Approach</u>: A multi-phased approach was implemented to attain insight into PFAS leaching from the unsaturated zone. At each site, a high-resolution PFAS soil sampling, static porewater sampling of the collected soil cores using "microlysimeters", and in situ measurements of PFAS concentrations using porous cup suction lysimeters was performed.





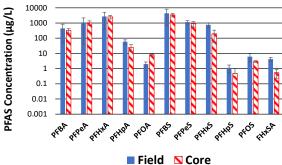
Specific Objectives:

- Evaluate/verify methods for measuring PFAS concentrations in porewater
- · Assess how different site conditions impact PFAS leaching
- Evaluate the role of PFAS sorption at the air-water interface on leaching

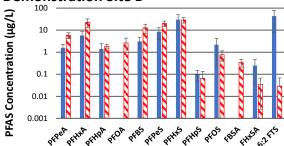


PFOS & 8:2 FTS are greater in the batch soil slurry than in porewater

Demonstration Site A



Demonstration Site B



Critical Findings:

- Reasonable (factor of 2) repeatability among lysimeters
- Precursors persist in porewater
- PFAS concentrations in core porewater typically similar to that measured in situ
 - Suggests apparent equilibrium conditions
 - Validates use of porous cup suction lysimeters for the demonstration sites
 - Exceptions during high percolation?
 - Exceptions for complex geologies?
- Notable impacts of PFAS air-water interfacial sorption

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<u>Publication:</u> Schaefer, C., Nguyen, D., Fang, Y., Gonda, N., Zhang, C., Shea, S. and Higgins, C.P., 2024. *PFAS Porewater concentrations in unsaturated soil: Field and laboratory comparisons inform on PFAS accumulation at air-water interfaces*. J. Contam. Hydol., 264,104359





